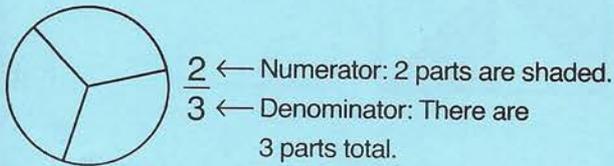
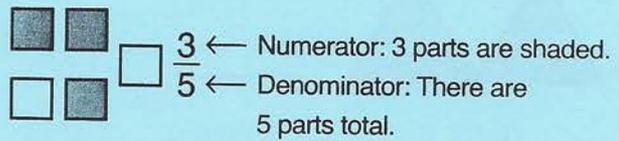


# Regions and Sets

The top number, the numerator, tells the number of equal parts described. The bottom number, the denominator, tells how many equal parts there are in all.

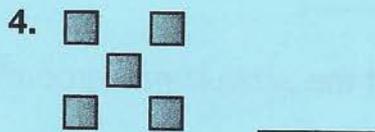
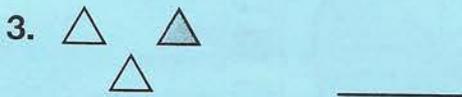
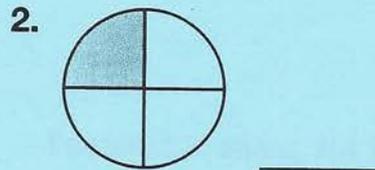
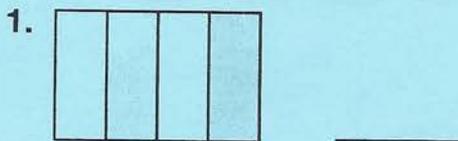


$\frac{2}{3}$  of the circle is shaded.

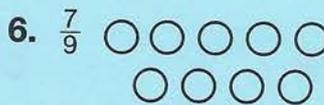
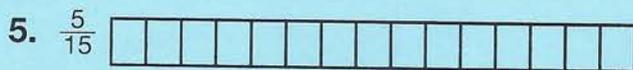


$\frac{3}{5}$  of the set is shaded.

Write a fraction for the part of the region that is shaded.



Shade in the models to show each fraction.



7. **Reasoning** Tara says that  $\frac{1}{2}$  of a salad is always the same amount. Lynn says that it could be different amounts, depending on how large the salad is. Who is correct? Why?

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

Name \_\_\_\_\_

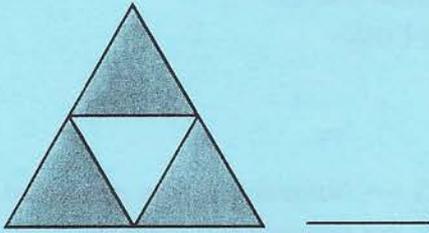
Practice

**10-1**

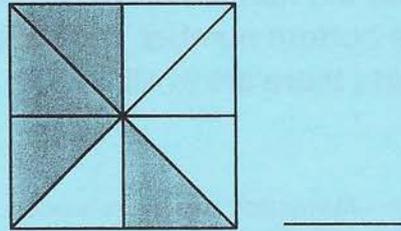
# Regions and Sets

Write a fraction for the part of the region below that is shaded.

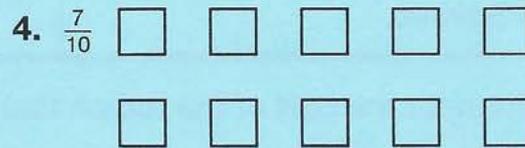
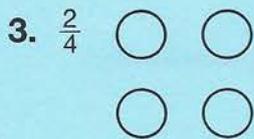
1.



2.



Shade in the models to show each fraction.

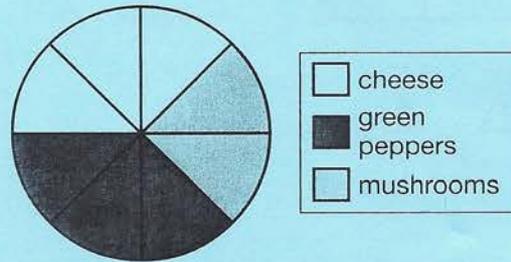


5. What fraction of the pizza is cheese?

\_\_\_\_\_

6. What fraction of the pizza is mushroom?

\_\_\_\_\_



7. A set has 12 squares. Which is the number of squares in  $\frac{1}{3}$  of the set?

A 3

B 4

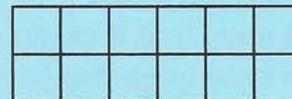
C 6

D 9

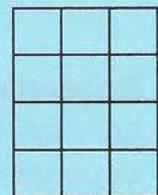
8. **Writing to Explain** Explain why  $\frac{1}{2}$  of Region A is not larger than  $\frac{1}{2}$  of Region B.

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_



Region A



Region B

Practice 10-1